

SAFETY DATA SHEET

HYPOCHLORITE DESTAINER

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name HYPOCHLORITE DESTAINER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Bleach. For professional use only.

Uses advised against Not for oral consumption. Use of this product for cleaning by hand is not recommended. Must not be used where acid based chemicals are present.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MERLIN CHEMICALS
UNIT 5, PASSFIELD MILL INDUSTRIAL PARK, LIPHOOK, HAMPSHIRE, GU30 7RR
+44 (0) 1428 751122
+44 (0) 1428 751133
technical@merlinchemicals .co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Out of Office Hours Emergency Information:-
For accidents and spillages involving this product that pose a threat to the environment, or human health, or require immediate first aid advice call:- +44(0) 7050 265597.
Note:- This number will not accept order queries or calls dealing with equipment breakdowns.
UK Environment Agency 24hour Advisory Service 0800 807060. Irish Environmental Protection Agency 1890 335599.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Met. Corr. 1 - H290

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1B - H314

Environmental hazards Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

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Precautionary statements	<p>P234 Keep only in original container.</p> <p>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</p> <p>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P313 Get medical advice/attention.</p>
Supplemental label information	EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
Contains	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE
Detergent labelling	5 - < 15% chlorine-based bleaching agents
Supplementary precautionary statements	<p>P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</p> <p>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P405 Store locked up.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.</p>

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. H290 Phrase relates to the neat product in particular reference to soft metals such as Aluminium. Use solutions are expected to be safe against stainless steels and Soft Metals.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	5-10%
CAS number: 7681-52-9	EC number: 231-668-3
M factor (Acute) = 10	
Classification	
Skin Corr. 1B - H314	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	To the best of our knowledge, all of the substances used in this product are being supported for the relevant application in REACH. Note:- Sodium Hypochlorite content expressed as % Available Chlorine in Solution.
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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	When it is safe to do so, remove victim immediately from source of exposure. However, consideration should be given as to whether moving the victim will cause further injury.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing that is not stuck to the skin. Flush area with clean water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

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Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Neat product may cause chemical burns and permanent eye damage. Dilute product may cause irritation to the skin and eyes.

Inhalation This product is corrosive. Inhalation of neat product is unlikely. However, inhalation of vapours from hot surfaces, or sprayed droplets may result in severe burns to the mouth, nose, GI tract and airways. If mixed with acid, chlorine gas can be evolved resulting in stinging sensation in eyes and difficulty in breathing. There may be burning to nose, mouth and respiratory system.

Ingestion Unlikely route of exposure without deliberate abuse. If neat chemical is ingested, chemical burning of mouth, throat and GI tract will occur. If dilute chemical is ingested, soreness of mouth, throat and GI tract may occur together with redness and blistering.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Eye contact May result in permanent eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Rinse well with water to neutral pH. If mixed with acidic material will produce Chlorine Gas, check for respiratory disorders.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media This product will not support combustion and is not flammable. Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding materials.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards In contact with some metals (Aluminium, Zinc and their Alloys) Hydrogen Gas is formed, which may form an explosive mixture with air. Note - Comment refers to neat product. Contact with acids liberates Toxic Chlorine Gas. The product is non-combustible. If heated, corrosive vapours may be formed.

Hazardous combustion products Chlorine. Oxygen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Protective clothing and respiratory protection should be worn when tackling fires involving this product. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Stop leak if possible without risk. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See sections 8, 12 & 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Refer to section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store away from the following materials: Acids. Store below 30°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) Detergent/Bleach. Refer to use instructions.

Usage description This product is suitable for use in food preparation areas, but is not designed for direct food contact.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments Where an exposure level is quoted, a risk assessment should consider if there is a need to monitor the atmosphere of the working environment. Results should be compared against the WEL and/or DNEL information provided. Where a worker is exposed to levels approaching a limit, further exposure control measures should be considered to reduce exposure to the substance. DNEL and/or PNEC information is supplied by manufacturers of substances in accordance with REACH legislation (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006), and is used to provide suitable risk reduction measures to limit exposure of the user of the substance to a non-hazardous level. If the measured level of exposure by a route divided by the DNEL for the route is greater than 1, then further exposure controls should be implemented as described in section 8.2. Where new information becomes available under REACH, this will be passed on as revisions to the Safety Data Sheet.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE (CAS: 7681-52-9)

DNEL

Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1.55 mg/m³
 Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 3.1 mg/m³
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 1.55 mg/m³
 Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 3.1 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



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Appropriate engineering controls	As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.
Personal protection	The PPE indicated above is not a COSHH assessment. It represents PPE that should be considered during the manufacture, distribution, use and final disposal stages of this product's life cycle. It is the responsibility of employers to conduct a COSHH/risk assessment to determine appropriate PPE levels. The information given below should be used to support this assessment. Where possible replace manual processes with automated or closed processes to minimise contact with the product.
Eye/face protection	Wear full-face visor or shield. Refer to EN Standard 166 to select appropriate level of protection.
Hand protection	Impervious Chemical Resistant Gloves of Butyl Rubber, PVC, Polychloroprene with a natural latex liner, all with a minimum material thickness 0.5mm and a breakthrough time of >480mins. Alternatively Nitrile Rubber, Fluorinated Rubber, both with a minimum thickness of 0.35 - 0.4mm and a breakthrough time of >480minutes. Refer to Standard EN 374.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Reference to EN 13832 and EN 943 is useful when selecting footwear and clothing.
Hygiene measures	Promptly remove non-impervious clothing that has become contaminated, provided it is not adhered to the skin. Contaminated clothing and shoes must be discarded. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Workplace Exposure Limit.
Environmental exposure controls	Do not allow the substance to contaminate surface water/ground water. See points 6, 12 & 13. Discharge of solutions into effluent systems (including municipal drains) or to surface water are expected to cause significant pH changes. Discharge of solutions should be carried out such that pH changes are minimised. Where necessary pH buffering measures should be adopted.
General Health and Safety Measures.	The above requirements refer to the neat chemical. In-use solutions may have a lower classification, however, a full risk assessment should be carried out before handling any chemical(s). Risk assessments should refer to COSHH and any other relevant legislation or industry specific guidelines governing the use of chemicals.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Yellow.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
pH	pH (concentrated solution): 11 - 13
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation factor	Not applicable.

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Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	1.16 - 1.18
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Refractive index	Not applicable.
Particle size	Not applicable.
Molecular weight	Not applicable.
Volatility	Not applicable.
Saturation concentration	Not applicable.
Critical temperature	Not applicable.
Volatile organic compound	Not applicable.
Explosive Properties	Not Classified as Explosive
Storage Temperature Range	0 - 30°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Not expected to react when correctly stored and used. Mixing with other chemicals may produce unexpected reactions. Will produce toxic Chlorine gas in contact with acids.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. - See note 10.6. Decomposes over time to produce Oxygen and Sodium Chloride.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Refer to section 10.1. Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

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Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Do not expose to UV lighting or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acids. Reducing agents. Reaction with Aluminium, Zinc, Tin, Copper or their alloys produces flammable Hydrogen Gas. - Note: reaction relates to neat product.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Will evolve Chlorine Gas in contact with Acids. Natural decay (especially in warm conditions or in direct sunlight) will evolve Oxygen Gas.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General information Toxic effect linked with corrosive properties. See section 4.2.

Inhalation Inhalation of sprayed droplets or vapours from hot surfaces may result in severe burns to the mouth, nose, GI tract and airways. - See section 4.2.

Ingestion Causes severe burns. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Eye contact Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause permanent eye injury.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life. Dilute use solutions are unlikely to pose a risk to the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Normal use is not expected to pose an ecological risk.

Acute toxicity - fish

Normal use of the diluted product is not expected to pose any risk.

See note 12.0

To the best of our current knowledge, the main ecotoxicological effect is due to the Sodium Hypochlorite for which:-

The Fresh Water LC50 (96hr) is 0.06mg/l.

The Marine Water LC50 (96hr) is 0.032 mg/l.

The Fresh Water EC50 (48hr) value for *Daphnia magna* is 0.141mg/l.

The Marine Water EC50(48hr) value for *Crassostrea virginica* is 0.026mg/l.

The NOEC (Algae 7 day) Fresh Water 0.0021.

Note in addition to Hypochlorite, high pH has the potential to cause harm to the environment. Effluent pH values greater than 10.5 in fresh water may be fatal to fish and other aquatic organisms. Damage to aquatic plants is also possible.

Normal use is unlikely to pose a risk. - See note 12.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability This product consists mainly of inorganic components for which biodegradation assessment is not applicable. The product meets the requirements of the European Detergents Regulation 648/2004 as amended.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

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ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ADN packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-A, S-B
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	2X
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	80
Tunnel restriction code	(E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation	European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures. This replaces Directive 67/548/EEC - Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Dangerous Substances and Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 relating to the Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Dangerous Preparations. Also considered is the REACH Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006.
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	(EC) No. 1272/2008 : EU Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures. COSHH - Control of Substances Hazardous to Health. DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit. Industry - Refers in section 8 to application of the substance in an industrial process. NPIS - National Poisons Information Service. PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic. Professional - Refers in section 8 to application/use of the preparation/product in a skilled trade premises. REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & restriction of CHemicals (Regulation EC 1907/2006). vPvB - Very Persistent, Very bioaccumulative.
General information	Only trained personnel should use this material. This document is a Safety Data Sheet, NOT a CoSHH assessment. It is the customer's responsibility to conduct a full CoSHH assessment, taking into account the information held within this document along with other local factors considered in a risk assessment. The Risk and Hazard statements listed below are the full text of abbreviations used in this document. They are not the final classification, for this refer to section 2.

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Revision comments	Review in line with CLP Regulation.
Revision date	01/05/2015
SDS number	22012
Hazard statements in full	H318 Causes serious eye damage. H290 May be corrosive to metals. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
REACH extended MSDS comments	REACH requires that persons handling chemicals should take the necessary risk management measures, in accordance with assessments from manufacturers and importers of chemical substances. The relevant recommendations must be passed along the supply chain. These assessments are generally reported in Exposure Scenarios. Where Exposure Scenarios have been provided for substances used in this product, the relevant information is incorporated into the safety data sheet.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.